

BLADE AND TORCH

Russian Revolutionists Begin to Make Good Their Threats.

A Colonel of Gen d'Armes Stabbed to Death.

A CASTLE IN FLAMES.

Armed Rebels in Possession of District of Courland.

Two Columns of Troops Are Advancing on Them.

Warsaw, July 25.—Colonel Salamateff of the gen d'armee was stabbed to death here today. The assassin escaped.

Salamateff, who was assistant to the chief of gen d'armee of the province of Warsaw, had been active in the revolutionary measures. He was walking on Mokotowska street at about noon, when he was attacked by two men who stabbed him several times and then the colonel sank down dying, walked quickly away in different directions without the spectators trying to stop them.

Mitau, Russia, July 25.—Rempten castle, situated near Tukum, one of the finest and most ancient in Courland, is in flames.

Armed revolutionists are again in possession of the surrounding country. Two columns of troops are advancing respectively from the east and west.

A Minority Report.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—Count Herzen, Prince Lvov and M. Stakovich, the three members of parliament who refused to sign the parliamentary address to the country, issued at Viborg July 23, today issued a separate address appealing to the people to resist the imperial decree dissolving parliament and to prepare for the election of members to the new parliament. The address points out that the emperor acted within his constitutional rights under the fundamental law and says that the signers of the address in offering this advice act from the profound conviction that it would be a crime in the midst of the present dangers to attempt to shake the power of the sovereign.

After firmly setting forth the views of the signers of the address regarding the solution of the agrarian and other questions and their dissent from the government programme, which made co-operation between parliament and the military impossible, the address says the emperor has exercised his legal prerogative in submitting the issue again to the people to decide whether the views of parliament actually coincided with the sentiment of the nation. It then appeals to the people to prove by their calmness that they are fitted for self government at the same time to show the monarch by their representatives whom they consciously elect, what they desire and adjures them not to attempt to use force which would be criminal madness, as it surely would provoke severe measures.

"The government," the address adds, "is compelled to maintain the integrity of the state and the safety of the people at any price. Resistance with force not only means an enormous number of fruitless sacrifices but will also bring ruin to the state and economic and political ruin."

Massing Troops in Moscow. Moscow, July 25.—The massing of troops in this city continues. The railroad lines are carefully guarded and the whole city is under martial law. In addition to the regular troops guarding the stations the terminus of the line connecting Moscow and St. Petersburg, a machine gun detachment, is on duty there.

Left Singing the Marseillaise. Revel, Russia, July 25.—A steamer loaded with Finnish workmen arrived here today, but the authorities would not permit them to land and the vessel departed, the men singing the "Marseillaise."

Financial Crisis Impending. St. Petersburg, July 25.—No word of the military disorders is now permitted to be published.

Discussing the financial situation, the Reich today says that the quotations of Russian securities here and abroad are not a true barometer. The paper says that a financial crisis is impending, as the government is resorting to Count Witte's old system by which millions are used in Berlin and Paris as well as in St. Petersburg to bolster up Russian bonds. This is the only indirect reference made by the press to the parliamentary appeal to the country in which the government's supplies by refusing to pay taxes.

In the provinces the suppression of newspapers and the arrest of agitators continues unabated. Up to the present time there is no evidence of the expected general rising of the peasantry, but news travels slowly in the country. The only sudden growth of disorder among the peasants thus far reported is at Kostroma, 280 miles northeast of Moscow.

A recurrence of the revolution is also reported in the Baltic provinces near Demitrook.

In Orel province the peasants on the crown estates are reported to be in rebellion.

The refusal of the authorities to send troops to save the estate of Baron Fredericks, aide de camp to the emperor, forty miles from the capital, which was plundered by peasants yesterday, seems to indicate that the danger is passed it is the intention of the war office to keep the troops concentrated in the cities and protect the lines of communication between here and Moscow and St. Petersburg and the frontier, so that in the event of serious trouble in the army becoming apparent, troops can retire on St. Petersburg where the last stand will be made.

Revolution Halts.

Leaders Can't Turn Back and Fear to Go Forward.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The proposed general political strike which is backed by a mass of oratory still gains fire, encouraging the belief on the part of the bureaucracy that the

IS THE BEST EVER

Grocers' and Butchers' Picnic a Great Success.

The Attendance Is Larger Than Ever Before.

THE PARK IS FILLED.

Good Natured, Jolly Crowd Out for Airing.

Games in Full Blast This Afternoon.

The largest, best natured and best dressed crowd that has ever attended any of the eight annual picnics given by the grocers and butchers, enjoyed itself at Vinewood park today, and the indications are that before the crowd starts for home tonight that it will have been the record breaker as far as Vinewood park is concerned.

A few stragglers were at the transfer station to meet the first cars this morning and by 8 o'clock the big double car trains of the street railway were crowded to their capacity and the traffic continued undiminished all day and until late in the evening. In most instances there was the father, mother and the remainder of the family, consisting of from one to a half dozen children, and it was the children who added much to the gaiety of the day.

Since the occasion of the first grocers' and butchers' picnic, which was eight years ago, the time for the annual affair has been looked forward to with more than ordinary interest, not only by the children but by their parents as well, and the event today surpassed anything of the kind ever held before.

At noon it was estimated that there were 2,000 people in the park, while at the same time on the Fourth of July there were less than half this number. The concessions have had the best day of their existence and their receipts will be greater by half than for any other one day since they were opened.

The crowd, most of which consisted of family groups, scattered about the park as soon as they passed the gates and prepared for a day of unalloyed pleasure. Blankets and table cloths were spread about on the grass in the deep shade of the big trees and preparations commenced for the picnic dinner, which had in most instances been prepared and brought along in everything from paper sacks to wash boilers. While the arrangements were being made for dinner the men strolled about among the numerous pleasure devices which were on hand, and the youngsters romped on the grass, climbed the trees, or played about the swings and teeter boards.

At the Cane Rack.

Seats were carried from the dancing pavilion by boys and girls in their teens to shady nooks darkened by the natural foliage of the park and in most instances they were occupied by a single couple content with the company of each other and willing to be away from the noisy crowd. Hammocks were numerous and were swung between trees rather away from the center of the excitement, their occupants, too, seeming to shun the din of the day and content to be left alone.

If there was a drop of liquor on the grounds the effect was not noticeable, for there was no boisterous conduct, nor a quarrelsome person about. Everybody was happy and it was a day of good fellowship and thoroughly in keeping with the past events of a similar nature.

Paper Makers Threaten Strike.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 25.—Paper makers here threaten to strike. The International Paper company in the United States and Canada have given notice that they will go on strike August 6 unless their demands are reduced to 8 hours a day with out reduction in the scale of wages.

Manitoba Needs Harvesters.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 25.—A. J. Beck, minister of agriculture, states that more than 2,000 harvest hands will be needed to be imported this year to handle the crop. The harvest will probably be started early in August.

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HIS MONEY FLES.

Coffin Which Holds the Remains of the Late Russell Sage

Is of Solid Mahogany and Cost a Thousand Dollars.

PUT IN A STEEL CASE.

With Unpickable Locks Costing 22 Thousand Dollars.

Burglar Alarm Attachment to Head Off Grave Robbers.

New York, July 25.—Encased in a hermetically sealed copper envelope, placed within a solid mahogany coffin, the body of Russell Sage was today placed in a chilled steel case four inches thick, riveted with steel bolts, locked with a lock which can only be opened from the inside and lowered into a grave carpeted and lined with evergreens on which the clogs were heaped and the mound built. The steel case weighs three tons. It was shipped to Oakland cemetery, Troy.

On the Miniature Railway.

The gentle breeze which blew all day and kept the superheated atmosphere in circulation also carried the odor of cooking "waffles" and "hand bergers" about the park, urging the owners of appetites to satisfy them at five cents per sandwich. An old lady who was evidently experienced as to the customs of occasions of this kind stepped up to one of the stands and ordered six sandwiches for herself and party and laid down an silver dime in payment and started to leave. The waiter of the stand called her back and passed her three of the coins at the same time explaining that the sandwiches were but five cents apiece. This was almost beyond her understanding and as she placed the dime in her purse she said: "I don't know how to do it, but I'll try." The sandwiches were good and the waiter was a good time and nothing else, and there was no programme of any kind attempted the only thing in the amusement line being a ball game between the men representing the grocers and those representing the retail interests. The game was fast and furious from the start and the first umpire who braved the aggression called the game until the umpire who succeeded him sank exhausted at the end of the ninth inning when the score stood nine to three in favor of the grocers who claim that they outplayed, outbatted and outclassed their opponents at every point in the game. The umpire to describe the features of the game would detail a task greater than any one man could bear.

Those who composed the opposing teams were:

Team	Position	Player
Grocers	Pitcher	Robinson
Grocers	Catcher	Robinson
Grocers	First Base	Robinson
Grocers	Second Base	Robinson
Grocers	Third Base	Robinson
Grocers	Short Stop	Robinson
Grocers	Left Field	Robinson
Grocers	Center Field	Robinson
Grocers	Right Field	Robinson
Butchers	Pitcher	Robinson
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GREAT GAINS SHOWN.

How the Building and Loan Associations Prosper.

Cincinnati, July 25.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations was called to order in the convention hall of the Burnet house in Cincinnati today. The delegates present from all parts of the country. After a welcome address by President Barnes of the Hamilton County Building and Loan Association, the report of the secretary, Charles J. Cullen, was presented.

The report of Secretary Cullen of Cincinnati contained the following: The local building and loan associations have during the last year, in a marked degree, shared the general prosperity of the country and they have done the largest business in their history. The assets of the associations of the United States now amount to \$25,344,257, which is the largest sum ever held by them and is \$2,000,000 more than the assets shown by the report of last year. The total membership in the 5,264 associations for 1905 is 1,642,127, an increase of a little over 11,000 for the year. During the last two years the associations have gained nearly \$50,000,000 in assets. There has been a continuous growth since 1901.

The largest gain in assets during the last year was in Ohio, where the increase was \$1,162,519; Pennsylvania \$4,604,467; New Jersey \$3,296,881; Massachusetts \$3,111,034; Illinois \$1,661,665; Indiana \$1,380,829; Iowa \$1,084,142; and Nebraska \$1,051,847.

There were but three states which showed less assets than the preceding year: Missouri, \$201,110; Tennessee, \$187,306; and Connecticut, \$2,265,848.

There are 1,267 associations in Pennsylvania, 674 in Ohio; 505 in Illinois, 357 in Indiana, 332 in New Jersey, 247 in New York, 142 in California, 130 in Massachusetts and 125 in Missouri.

The receipts in 1905 were \$428,621,200, and the disbursements \$426,889,872, the excess being about \$1,731,327 over the previous year. The earnings of the associations for the year were \$3,294,264, and the mortgage loans were \$22,000,000 in excess of 1904.

FINDS AN ICE TRUST.

Wisconsin's Attorney General Will Give Out an Opinion.

Madison, Wis., July 25.—In a decision which will be made public tomorrow, Attorney General Surdick, it is understood, holds that an ice monopoly exists in La Crosse and that an offense has been committed. The important decision is also made that ice is a necessary of life.

District Attorney Board of La Crosse alleges that three dealers in La Crosse who control the greater part of the ice are in an illegal combination.

Samson Won Troquois Stakes.

New York, July 25.—Samson, played down from 7 to 2 to 14 to 5, won the \$7,500 Troquois stakes, one mile and a quarter, at Brighton Beach, defeating Albert P. the second choice, with Flaming third. One favorite won.

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